STATISTICAL SERVICE ACT, 2019

(Act 1003)
STATISTICAL SERVICE ACT, 2019

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ACT

OF THE PARLIAMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF GHANA
ENTITLED

STATISTICAL SERVICE ACT, 2019

AN ACT to establish the Statistical Service as the central statistics producing and co-ordinating institution for the National Statistical System and to strengthen the production of quality statistics and to provide for related matters.

DATE OF ASSENT: 24th September, 2019.

PASSED by Parliament and assented to by the President

Establishment of the Service

Establishment of the Statistical Service
1. (1) There is established by this Act the Statistical Service in accordance with Article 185 of the Constitution.

(2) Except as otherwise provided in the Constitution, the Statistical Service is independent and shall not be subject to the control or direction of any person or authority in the performance of its functions.

Membership of the Service
2. The Service comprises
   (a) the personnel of the Service employed before the commencement of this Act,
   (b) other public officers transferred or seconded to the Service, and
   (c) any other person who may be employed for the Service.
Object of the Service

3. The object of the Service is to provide quality, relevant, accurate and timely statistical information for the purpose of national development.

Functions of the Service

4. To achieve its object, the Service shall

(a) provide leadership and direction for the efficient, consistent and comprehensive collection, processing, analysis, documentation and storage of statistical information within the National Statistical System;

(b) collect, compile, analyse, abstract, publish and disseminate statistical information related to the commercial, industrial, financial, social, demographic, economic and other activities and conditions of the people or this country through the conduct of surveys and national censuses, including population, housing, economic and agricultural censuses;

(c) determine the manner in which the Ministries, Departments, Agencies, District Assemblies and statutory bodies collaborate with the Service in the collection, compilation and publication of statistical information, including statistics derived from the activities of those entities;

(d) develop, create awareness and operationalise the code of ethics and practice for the production and use of data to ensure quality of statistics with respect to relevance, accuracy and reliability, coherence and comparability, sustainability, continuity, timeliness, topicality and integrity;

(e) manage a centrally organised database of

(i) commercial, industrial, financial, social, demographic and economic survey and census data sets at the micro and macro levels,

(ii) statistical indicators, and

(iii) metadata on the statistical processes within the National Statistical System;
(j) review, assess, classify, and designate as official statistics, data produced by the Service, Ministries, Departments and Agencies, District Assemblies and other institutions within the country and report regularly on the state of official statistics to the Government and the people;

(g) promote and build statistical capacity and professional competencies using diverse interventions including the establishment and operation of a National Statistical Training Centre;

(h) prescribe and direct the pursuance of scientific independence, impartiality, responsibility and transparency in statistical production;

(i) promote bilateral and multilateral statistics co-operation and partnership to upgrade statistics production systems in the country; and

(j) perform any other function necessary to achieve the object of the Service.

**Governing body of the Service**

5. (1) The governing body of the Service is a Board consisting of

(a) a chairperson;

(b) five other persons; and

(c) the Government Statistician.

(2) The members of the Board, shall be appointed by the President, having regard to their expert knowledge, in consultation with the Council of State.

(3) The Board shall ensure the proper and effective performance of the functions of the Service.

**Functions of the Board**

6. (1) The Board shall, in particular, formulate the policy of the Service and shall

(a) promote the effective use of statistics and stimulate research activities in applied statistics;

(b) provide guidance to the Government Statistician and the Government on the direction of and priorities for official statistics that shall include advice on the improvement, extension and co-ordination of statistical services provided for public purposes in the country;
(c) ensure that the Service collects and compiles socio-economic data on the country and disseminates the data to the relevant government agencies and other users;

(d) provide direction and guidance on staffing requirements for sectoral statistical activities at the national, regional and district level; and

(e) further the object of the Service.

(2) The Board shall advise the Government on the harmonisation of the activities of the departments responsible for data collection.

Tenure of office of members

7. (1) A member of the Board shall hold office for a period not exceeding four years and is eligible for re-appointment, but a member shall not be appointed for more than two terms.

(2) Subsection (1) does not apply to the Government Statistician.

(3) A member of the Board may at any time resign from office in writing addressed to the President through the Minister.

(4) A member of the Board, other than the Government Statistician, who is absent from three consecutive meetings of the Board without sufficient cause ceases to be a member of the Board.

(5) The President may by letter addressed to a member revoke the appointment of that member.

(6) Where a member of the Board is, for a sufficient reason, unable to act as a member, the Minister shall determine whether the inability would result in the declaration of a vacancy.

(7) Where there is a vacancy

(a) under subsection (3) or (4) or section 9,

(b) as a result of a declaration under subsection (6), or

(c) by reason of the death of a member,

the Minister shall notify the President of the vacancy and the President shall appoint a person to fill the vacancy.

Meetings of the Board

8. (1) The Board shall meet at least once every three months for the despatch of business at a time and place determined by the chairperson.

(2) The chairperson shall, at the request in writing of not less than one-third of the membership of the Board, convene an extraordinary meeting of the Board at a time and place determined by the chairperson.
(3) The quorum at a meeting of the Board is four members of the Board.

(4) The chairperson shall preside at meetings of the Board and in the absence of the chairperson, a member of the Board elected by the members present from among their number shall preside.

(5) Matters before the Board shall be decided by a majority of the members present and voting and in the event of an equality of votes, the person presiding shall have a casting vote.

(6) The Board may co-opt a person to attend a Board meeting but that person shall not vote on a matter for decision at the meeting.

(7) The proceedings of the Board shall not be invalidated by reason of a vacancy among the members or defect in the appointment or qualification of a member.

(8) Subject to this section, the Board may determine the procedure for its meetings.

Disclosure of interest

9. (1) A member of the Board who has an interest in a matter for consideration

(a) shall disclose the nature of the interest and the disclosure shall form part of the record of consideration of the matter; and

(b) shall not participate in the deliberations of the Board in respect of that matter.

(2) A member ceases to be a member of the Board, if that member has an interest in a matter before the Board and

(a) fails to disclose that interest, or

(b) participates in the deliberations of the matter.

Establishment of committees

10. (1) The Board may establish committees consisting of members of the Board or non-members or both to perform a function.

(2) Section 9 applies to members of a committee of the Board.

Statistics Advisory Committee

11. (1) Without prejudice to section 10, there is established a National Advisory Committee of Producers and Users of Statistics referred to in this Act as the Statistics Advisory Committee.

(2) The Statistics Advisory Committee shall be the technical advisory body of the Board.
Composition of the Statistics Advisory Committee
12. The Statistics Advisory Committee consists of twenty-five members who have technical competence in the production and use of statistics comprising

(a) the heads or representatives of the heads not below the rank of a Director from
   (i) the National Development Planning Commission;
   (ii) the National Population Council;
   (iii) the Immigration Service;
   (iv) the Births and Deaths Registry;
   (v) the Survey Department;
   (vi) the Electoral Commission;
   (vii) the Data Protection Commission;
   (viii) the Ghana Revenue Authority; and
   (ix) the National Identification Authority;

(b) the Government Statistician or a representative of the Government Statistician not below the rank of a Director;

(c) one representative from the Bank of Ghana not below the rank of Director;

(d) two representatives from academia not below the rank of a Senior Lecturer nominated by the Association of Vice-Chancellors; and

(e) one representative not below the rank of a Director from each of the following Ministries responsible for
   (i) Communications;
   (ii) Education;
   (iii) Food and Agriculture;
   (iv) Finance;
   (v) Health;
   (vi) Lands and Natural Resources;
   (vii) Local Government and Rural Development;
   (viii) Employment and Labour Relations;
   (ix) Trade and Industry;
   (x) Gender, Children, and Social Protection;
   (xi) Transport; and
   (xii) the Interior.

Appointment of members of the Statistics Advisory Committee
13. (1) The members of the Statistics Advisory Committee shall be appointed by the Board for a two-year term and may be re-appointed for another two-year term only.
(2) The members of the Statistics Advisory Committee shall elect their chairperson from among the members at their first meeting.

(3) A member of the Statistics Advisory Committee may resign from office at anytime in writing addressed to the Board.

(4) Where there is a vacancy
   (a) under subsections (3) or section 9, or
   (b) by reason of the death of a member,
the Government Statistician shall notify the Board of the vacancy and the Board shall appoint another person to fill the vacancy.

Meetings and working groups of the Statistics Advisory Committee

14. (1) The Statistics Advisory Committee shall meet at least once in six months.

   (2) The Statistics Advisory Committee shall have at least twelve sectoral working groups with specific terms of reference for the effective co-ordination of statistical activities across the sectors.

   (3) The sectoral working groups shall comprise representatives from producer and user agencies.

   (4) The Government Statistician shall provide a secretariat for the Statistics Advisory Committee and any other administrative support or technical staff required by the Statistics Advisory Committee for the performance of its functions.

   (5) A designated official of the Service not below the rank of a Director shall be the secretary to the Statistics Advisory Committee.

Allowances

15. Members of the Board and members of a committee of the Board shall be paid allowances approved by the Minister.

Administration of the Service

Government Statistician

16. (1) The head of the Service is the Government Statistician who shall be appointed by the President in accordance with article 185 of the Constitution.

   (2) The Government Statistician shall be the chief adviser to Government and the Board on all matters relating to statistics.

   (3) The Government Statistician shall hold office on the terms and conditions specified in the letter of appointment.
(4) Subject to clause (2) of article 186 of the Constitution, a person shall not interfere with the work of the Government Statistician, in respect of the activities of the Statistical Service, on
   
   (a) the manner in which and the time when a statistical collection is to be undertaken;
   
   (b) the form, extent and timing of the release of statistical information; or
   
   (c) whether a statistical collection should be discontinued.

Functions of the Government Statistician

17. (1) The Government Statistician is responsible for the day-to-day administration of the Service and shall
   
   (a) advise the Government on matters pertaining to the statistical programmes of Ministries, Departments and Agencies and shall confer with the Ministries, Departments and Agencies on statistical programmes;
   
   (b) collect, compile, analyse and publish statistical information on the socio-economic data of the country under the supervision of the Board;
   
   (c) determine the manner in which data may be compiled by a person in authority as well as data that may be published in a manner considered appropriate;
   
   (d) provide technical oversight and capacity building to the District Assemblies in the production, compilation, analysis, dissemination and use of statistics; and
   
   (e) co-ordinate work programmes and provide administrative guidelines and procedures to facilitate the achievement of the object of the Service subject to the general directives of the Board.

(2) The Government Statistician may delegate a function to an officer of the Service but shall not be relieved from the ultimate responsibility for the performance of the delegated function.

Deputy Government Statistician

18. (1) There shall be two Deputy Government Statisticians who shall be appointed in accordance with clause (3) of article 195 of the Constitution.

(2) The two Deputy Government Statisticians shall assist the Government Statistician in the performance of the functions of the Government Statistician and shall discharge any other duties that the Government Statistician in consultation with the Board may direct.
Secretary to the Board
19. (1) The Board shall appoint a person who is of the rank of a Director of the Service as secretary to the Board.

(2) The Secretary shall
(a) arrange the business of the Board and record and keep the minutes of the meetings of the Board; and
(b) perform any other functions that the Board may direct.

Appointment of other staff
20. (1) The Board shall appoint other staff of the Service that are necessary for the proper and effective performance of the functions of the Service at the national and regional level.

(2) Other public officers may be transferred or seconded to the Service or may otherwise give assistance to the Service.

(3) The Board may engage the services of consultants as and when necessary.

Regional Offices of the Service

Regional offices
21. There shall be a regional office of the Service in each region.

Functions of a regional office
22. A regional office of the Service shall
(a) provide technical assistance in data collection to District Assemblies or the District Statistical Departments in the region;
(b) assist the District Assemblies or the District Statistical Departments in the region
(i) to analyse, store and disseminate data,
(ii) to establish data based systems, and
(iii) to establish and manage their management information system based on the standard format developed by the Government Statistician; and
(c) advise the District Assemblies or the District Statistical Departments in the region on matters related to statistics production and dissemination based on guidelines developed by the Government Statistician.
Statistics Operations

Collaboration with Government Statistician
23. (1) An officer of
   (a) a public corporation shall, or
   (b) a partner institution may
   collaborate with the Government Statistician in the collection, compilation, analysis, publication and dissemination of statistical records of the Service or the public corporation.

   (2) A public officer who refuses or fails without reasonable cause to co-operate with an authorised officer of the Service commits an offence under this Act.

Official statistics
24. Where a public corporation or partner institution produces statistics and the statistics are considered by the Service to be of an acceptable standard, the statistics shall be considered to be official statistics and shall be treated as statistics prepared by the Service.

Authority to obtain information and access to records
25. (1) The Government Statistician may, by notice in writing, request a person to provide information, estimates or returns, concerning matters specified in the First Schedule.

   (2) The information requested by the Government Statistician shall be
       (a) in the form and manner specified in the notice; and
       (b) provided within the period stated in the notice.

   (3) Where a person has the custody of or is responsible for any document or public record that will assist with the completion or correction of information, that person shall grant the Government Statistician access to the document or public record.

Entry of premises
26. The Government Statistician may enter any premises without hindrance or obstruction for the discharge of a duty within reasonable hours.

Agreement to share information
27. (1) The Government Statistician may enter into an agreement to share information collected from a respondent between Ministries, Departments and Agencies, District Assemblies, public corporations and partner institutions.
(2) The agreement shall provide that the respondent be informed that the information is being collected on behalf of the Service to be shared with another entity or partner institution for statistical purposes.

(3) Where the respondent notifies the Government Statistician that it objects to the sharing of information by the Service with another entity or partner institution, the information shall not be shared unless the entity is required by law to obtain the information from the respondent.

Shared information

28. The information to be shared under an agreement includes replies to original enquiries and supplementary information collected by the Service, entity or partner.

Information request by Gazette notification

29. Without limiting the request for information by an agreement between the Government Statistician and an entity or partner institution, the Government Statistician may, by notice in the Gazette, request the submission of returns by an entity within a specified period and the entity shall comply.

Official secrecy

30. The duty of a person to provide a document or information in accordance with this Act shall not affect the non-disclosure provisions of an official secret or confidential information in any other enactment.

Restriction on publication

31. (1) A member of the Service shall not publish or show any information that identifies a specific person or respondent to a third party except with the prior written consent of the person making the return or giving the answer.

(2) The information may be in the following forms:
   (a) an individual return or part of a return made for official purposes;
   (b) an answer given to any question; or
   (c) a report, abstract or other document, containing particulars in any return or answer arranged to identify particulars with any person or undertaking.

(3) The restriction on publication shall not apply to information transmitted by the Government Statistician to the Office of the President, a Ministry, Department or Agency for statistical purposes.

(4) Nothing in this section shall prevent or restrict the publication of a report, abstract or other document that would make identification
of any person possible where the activities of the undertaking are unique, if the report, abstract or other document is arranged to disclose only the following information:

(a) the quantity, value and description of goods and services produced, imported, exported or sold;
(b) the number and the economic and social characteristics of employees of the person;
(c) the amount and extent of any investment of the person; and
(d) any other information that has been furnished or supplied under this Act where the person furnishing or supplying the information has not provided written objection to the publication before the publication of the report.

(5) A member of the Service shall ensure

(a) the protection of the private life and business secrets of data providers including
   (i) households;
   (ii) companies;
   (iii) public institutions; and
   (iv) other responders;
(b) the confidentiality of the information provided under paragraph (a); and
(c) the use of the information provided under paragraph (a) strictly for statistical purposes.

General statistics
32. Without limiting the duties of the Service under this Act or affecting any of its powers or duties in respect of specific statistics that may otherwise be authorised or required under this Act, the Government Statistician shall collect, compile, analyse, abstract, publish and disseminate statistics in relation to any of the matters specified in the First Schedule under the supervision of the Board.

Censuses, Surveys and other Sources of Data

Population census
33. (1) The Service shall conduct a census of population every ten years in the month of March.
(2) The population census may include a housing census.
Count of population
34. A population census or population and housing census shall be taken to ensure that
(a) the counts of the population, or
(b) the counts of population and houses,
are provided for each region, district and constituency.

Agricultural census
35. (1) An agricultural census may be taken by the Service in collaboration with the Ministry responsible for Agriculture.
(2) The agricultural census may be taken three years after the population census.

Economic census
36. (1) An economic census shall be taken by the Service in collaboration with relevant Ministries.
(2) An economic census may be taken within two years after the population census.

Other censuses and surveys
37. (1) The Service may conduct other censuses and surveys as directed by the Board.
(2) An entity other than the Service that wishes to conduct a census shall submit a census proposal to the Government Statistician for consideration and approval by the Board.

Census questions
38. The Government Statistician in consultation with the Board shall prescribe the questions to be asked in any census conducted by the Service.

Publication of census questions
39. The questions to be used in a census shall be published in the Gazette by the Government Statistician not later than thirty days before the commencement of a census.

Financial Provisions

Funds of the Service
40. The funds of the Service include
(a) moneys approved by Parliament,
(b) internally generated funds, and
(c) donations and grants.
Accounts and audit

41. (1) The Service shall keep the books, records and other documents relevant to the accounts in such form as the Auditor-General shall approve.

(2) The Board shall submit the accounts of the Service to the Auditor-General for audit at the end of each financial year.

(3) The Auditor-General shall, within six months after the end of the immediately preceding financial year,
   (a) audit the accounts of the Service and submit the report to Parliament; and
   (b) forward a copy each of the report to the Minister and the Board.

(4) The financial year of the Service is the same as the financial year of Government.

Annual report and other reports

42. (1) The Board shall within thirty days after receipt of the audit report, submit an annual report to the Minister covering the activities and the operations of the Service for the year to which the annual report relates.

(2) The annual report shall include
   (a) the report of the Auditor-General; and
   (b) any other information that may be required by the Minister in conformity with the Public Financial Management Act, 2016 (Act 921) or that may be relevant to enhance transparency and accountability.

(3) The Minister shall, within thirty days after the receipt of the annual report, submit the report to Parliament with a statement that the Minister considers necessary.

(4) The Board shall also submit to the Minister any other report which the Minister may require in writing.

Miscellaneous Matters

Privileged information

43. Data concerning individuals or entities collected for statistical purposes and any copy of a return in the possession of a respondent is privileged information and shall not be used for the purpose of taking administrative decisions and shall not be admissible as evidence in a court of competent jurisdiction for purposes of prosecuting the individuals or entities except for the purpose of a prosecution under this Act.
Oath of office
44. (1) The Government Statistician and each person employed or
deemed to be employed by the Service shall take and subscribe to the oath
set out in the Second Schedule.

(2) The oath specified in the third column of the Second Schedule
shall be taken by the person appointed to the office set out in the first
column of that Schedule and shall be administered by the person specified
in the second column of that Schedule.

Oath by incorporated contractors
45. Where a person retained under contract to perform a specific
function or discharge a duty for the Service is a body corporate, the chief
executive of the body corporate and the other officers, employees and
agents used to perform the function or discharge the duty, shall take and
subscribe the oath as set out in the Second Schedule.

Affirmation
46. Where a person objects to taking an oath and wishes to make an
affirmation the form prescribed for the oath in the Second Schedule shall
be varied accordingly.

Failure to take an oath or make an affirmation
47. (1) A person who refuses to take the oath or make the affirmation
before taking office shall

(a) be deemed to have vacated that office from the date of
refusal; and

(b) if that person has not already entered that office, be disqualified
from doing so.

(2) An act done by a person in the execution or intended execution
of an official duty shall be valid even if the person failed to take an oath
or make an affirmation.

Non-disclosure
48. A person who takes an oath or makes an affirmation shall not be
directed by a court of competent jurisdiction to give oral testimony or to
provide a return, document or record with respect to any information
obtained in the course of employment except for the purpose of criminal
proceedings under this Act.
Request for annual report of public corporations
49. The Government Statistician may, in carrying out a duty under this Act, request the governing body of a public corporation for a copy of the annual report of that corporation and that governing body shall comply.

Confidentiality
50. (1) Individual data collected by the Service and a public corporation or a partner institution working in collaboration with the Service is strictly confidential and shall be used exclusively for statistical purposes.

(2) Identifiable individual information is not to be disclosed in the process of computing statistics or in the dissemination of statistical results.

(3) A person who processes individual data shall ensure that it is processed
   (a) in a lawful manner; and
   (b) without infringing the privacy of the respondent.

(4) Despite subsection (1), the Government Statistician may release records with identifiers removed if satisfied that the records will be used for genuine research purposes and if a written undertaking has been obtained from the recipient of the records that
   (a) the recipient is satisfied that the records cannot be identified as relating to a particular person;
   (b) the records will not be released except with the written consent of the Government Statistician; and
   (c) a copy of the research findings will be made available to the Government Statistician.

Assurance to data providers
51. An individual or entity interviewed during a statistical survey shall be informed of the objective of the interview and measures put in place to protect the data provided by the individual or entity.

Dissemination of statistical information
52. (1) The Service shall present statistical information in a clear and comprehensive form and make it available and accessible to all accompanied by the requisite metadata.

(2) Despite subsection (1), micro-data shall not be made available to users unless the laws and procedures in relation to the data are respected and confidentiality maintained.
(3) The Service shall correct its statistical publications containing
significant errors by using standard statistical practices and inform data
users of the correction.

(4) In the case of serious errors in the publication, the Service
shall suspend the dissemination of the statistical publication and inform
data users of the suspension.

Administrative data
53. Ministries, Departments, Agencies and District Assemblies shall
submit to the Government Statistician administrative data in accordance
with this Act.

Offences and penalties
54. A person who
(a) makes a statement which that person knows to be false or
has no reason to believe to be true in any returns or estimate
in response to a request for information;
(b) wilfully fails, refuses or neglects to give or supply any
information, estimates or returns requested under section
25;
(c) hinders or obstructs a member of the Service in the
discharge of a duty contrary to section 23 or 26;
(d) being an employee of the Service or a public corporation
or a partner institution working in collaboration with the
Service, discloses, publishes or communicates to any
person, information acquired in the course of employment
to a third party without lawful authority contrary to
section 31;
(e) publishes or communicates information disclosed in
contravention of this Act to any person;
(f) fails to comply with or contravenes any terms or conditions
of the oath or affirmation taken under this Act;
(g) destroys, defaces or mutilates any form or other document
that contains particulars obtained in pursuance of this Act
without lawful authority; or
(h) contravenes any provision of this Act,
commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine of not
more than two hundred penalty units or to a term of imprisonment of
not more than twelve months or to both.
Regulations

55. (1) The Minister may, in consultation with the Board, by legislative instrument, make Regulations
   (a) for the designation of entities to submit returns to the Government Statistician;
   (b) on dissemination methods for data and statistics;
   (c) on the particulars and information to be furnished in a census or concerning any matter in respect of which statistics may be collected;
   (d) on the manner, form, times, places and the persons to submit information;
   (e) on the designation of official statistics;
   (f) for the fees and charges to be paid to the Service to obtain information; and
   (g) generally for the effective implementation of this Act.

(2) Until Regulations are made for the Service, the Civil Service Regulations, 1960 (L. I. 47) applicable to members of the Civil Service, shall apply to the members of the Service.

Interpretation

56. In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires,
   “administrative data” means an official record collected for purposes of registration, transaction and record keeping which is originally not meant to provide statistics for development purposes but can be enhanced to inform planning and guide developmental processes and is a variety of big data;
   “big data” includes an unusual volume of data comprising a range of data formats available in the nature of text, pictures, video, financial or social transactions and velocity of data comprising speed of generation and its availability in real time;
   “Board” means the governing body of the Service provided for in section 5;
   “census” means a statistical operation in which all units of the population of interest are enumerated;
   “code of ethics and practice” means professional principles and guidelines to be observed by statisticians and statistical authorities in the production of official statistics and may be in the nature of the definitions, norms, standards, nomenclatures, methodologies and concept for statistical
production and dissemination by Ministries, Departments, Agencies, District Assemblies and other statutory bodies in conformity with international best practice;

"data" means information which
(a) is processed by means of equipment operating automatically in response to instructions given for that purpose;
(b) is recorded with the intention that it should be processed by means of the equipment;
(c) is recorded as part of a relevant filing system or with the intention that it should form part of a relevant filing system; or
(d) does not fall within paragraph (a), (b) or (c) but forms part of an accessible record;

"dissemination" means giving statistical data to users, in an appropriate form, without the disclosure of confidential information;

"district" includes the area of authority of a District Assembly and of a Municipality and Metropolis;

"District Assembly" includes a Municipal and Metropolitan Assembly;

"document" includes
(a) a form, questionnaire, schedule, notice or report whether in print or photographic form;
(b) a documentary recording or transcribed computer printout or record capable of being produced as a printout by a mechanical or electronic device; and
(c) a medium or device by means of which information is recorded or stored;

"entity" means a Ministry, Department or Agency, a local government unit or a public corporation;

"government agency" means a body established by the Government in the public interest with or without an Act of Parliament;

"Government Statistician" means the person appointed under section 16;

"house" means a dwelling and refers to the place where the household lives, that may be a building or some form of space or shelter arranged for human habitation occupied at the time of a census, or other statistical enquiry;
“housing” includes a separate and independent place of abode that is intended for habitation by one household but may be occupied by more than one household or by a part of a household, or not intended for habitation but occupied as living quarters by a household at the time of a census;

“impartiality” means to produce, analyse, disseminate and comment on statistics by Statistics Authorities in line with the principle of scientific independence, and in an objective, professional and transparent manner;

“individual data” means data relating to one person or entity, rather than to a group, that is data associated with a single element in a sample or population;

“metadata” means the range of information, generally textual, that fosters understanding of the context in which statistical data have been collected, processed and analysed with the objective of creating statistical information including legal and regulatory texts, methods and concepts used at all levels of information processing, definitions and nomenclatures;

“Minister” means the Minister responsible for Finance;

“National Statistical System” means the ensemble of statistical organisations and units within the country that jointly collect, process and disseminate official statistics;

“official statistics” means the body of statistical information produced, validated, compiled and disseminated by Statistics Authorities;

“partner institution” includes a civil society organisation, international organisation and international non-governmental organisation and any other organisation that collaborates with the Service in the implementation of any statistical programme or project;

“population” means any set of statistical units, whether they are individuals, legal persons, families or any other type of economic unit;

“public corporation” means a corporation or any other body of persons established by an Act of Parliament or set up out of funds provided by Parliament or other public funds;
“public records” means the official information of centralised or decentralised Government;
“reasonable hours” means between 6 a.m. and 6 p.m.;
“respondent” includes a business, authority or individual from whom data and associated information is collected for use in compiling statistics;
“return” means a document completed by a respondent or an officer of the Service or another public service to produce official or other statistics;
“sampling methods” means a statistical procedure by which information related to a whole field of enquiry is derived by applying statistical techniques to information obtained in respect of a proportion of the total number of businesses, projects or persons concerned in the field of enquiry;
“scientific independence” means Statistics authorities being able to carry out their activities according to the principle of scientific independence particularly in relation to political authorities or any interest group and the selection of the methods, concepts and nomenclatures used in any statistical operation by only the Statistics Authorities without any interference and in accordance with the rules of ethics and good practice;
“sectoral statistical activities” means the compilation of numerical information related to a selected part of a unit of interest;
“Service” means the Statistical Service established under section 1 in accordance with article 185 of the Constitution;
“statistics” means data required for production of organised statistical information, obtained from censuses and statistical surveys or administrative records;
“statistical activities” means a programme for the collection of aggregated numerical information;
“Statistics Advisory Committee” means the National Advisory Committee of Producers and Users of Statistics established in section 11;
“Statistics Authorities” means national statistics institutes or other statistics organisations in charge of official statistics production and dissemination at national, regional and continental levels;
"statistical indicators" means data elements that represent statistical information for a specified time, place and other characteristics;

"statistical information" means any organised quantitative or qualitative information obtained from statistical data that facilitates understanding of economic, political, demographic, social, environmental and cultural trends, and of gender and governance and other related issues;

"statistical operation" means an action taken within the framework of the national statistical programme by the national statistics office and other organisations of the National Statistical System;

"statistical programme" means the data collection infrastructure and survey procedures that are in place within the National Statistical System to collect, process and disseminate basic statistical data;

"statistical standards" include the comprehensive set of guidelines for surveys and administrative sources collecting information on a particular topic such as definitions, statistical units, classifications, coding processes, questionnaire modules and output categories;

"statistical survey" means a statistical operation in which only a selected part and not the entire population are enumerated;

"transparency" means the provision by Statistics Authorities of information on their sources, methods and procedures that have been used in line with scientific standards and making the legislation on Statistics available to the public;

"undertaking" includes any form of activity performed by a person; and

"unofficial statistics" means data collected in an unconventional manner other than through a census or survey and may be in the nature of big and administrative data sources and satellite imagery.
Existing enactments with reference to statistics

57. The enactments in the first column of the Third Schedule shall be read as one with this Act with respect to the provisions specified in the second column of that Schedule.

Consequential amendments

58. The enactments listed in the first column of the Fourth Schedule are amended as stipulated in the second column of that Schedule.

Transitional provisions

59. (1) The assets, rights and properties held on behalf of or for the purpose of the Service in existence immediately before the commencement of this Act and the persons employed by the Service are hereby transferred to the Service established under this Act.

(2) The obligations and liabilities subsisting against the Service immediately before the commencement of this Act subsist between the Service and that other party.

Repeal and savings

60. (1) The Statistical Service Act, 1985 (P.N.D.C.L. 135) is hereby repealed.

(2) Despite the repeal of the Statistical Service Act, 1985 (P.N.D.C.L. 135), any Regulations, bye-laws, notices, orders, directions, appointments or other acts lawfully made or done under the repealed enactment and in force immediately before the commencement of this Act shall continue to have effect as if made under this Act with the necessary modification until amended, revoked, cancelled, withdrawn or terminated under this Act.
FIRST SCHEDULE

Authority to obtain information and access to records
(Sections 25(1) and 32)

1. Agriculture, livestock, horticulture and allied industries
2. Banking, insurance and finance generally
3. Big data
4. Capital formation
5. Climatic conditions
6. Commercial and professional undertakings
7. Compensation of employees
8. Culture
9. Distributive trades
10. Education
11. Employment and unemployment
12. Energy
13. Environment
14. Fisheries
15. Forestry
16. Gender statistics
17. Governance
18. Health and morbidity
19. Household income and expenditure
20. Immigration and emigration
21. Income, earnings, profits and interests
22. Information and communication
23. Infrastructure
24. Integrated national accounts including capital formation
25. International trade
26. Judiciary and crime
27. Labour and industrial matters, including associations of employees, industrial disturbances and disputes, injuries, accidents and compensation
28. Land tenure and the occupation and use of land
29. Local Government
30. Manufacturing
31. Mining
32. Mobile phone data
33. Oil and gas
34. Output, stock, sales and deliveries and details relating to services provided
35. Population and housing
36. Poverty and welfare
37. Public finance
38. Receipts outstanding, fixed capital, assets and plant, including the acquisition and disposal of these assets and plant
39. Remote Sensing and Geospatial data
40. Satellite data
41. Small area statistics
42. Social services
43. Tourism
44. Transport in all forms by land, water or air
45. Utilities
46. Vital occurrences including births, deaths and marriages
47. Water resources
48. Wholesale and retail prices of commodities, rents, cost of living and related indicators
49. Statistical standards, variables and concepts
50. Any other areas of activity that the Government Statistician in consultation with the Board may from time to time specify.
SECOND SCHEDULE

**Officers to take oaths**
*(Sections 44 and 46)*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Person to take oath</th>
<th>Person to tender oath</th>
<th>Oath / Affirmation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Government Statistician and Deputy Government Statisticians</td>
<td>High Court Judge or another person designated by the Chief Justice</td>
<td>I .................................. do solemnly (sincerely and truthfully) swear (or affirm) that I will faithfully and honestly fulfill my duties as a member of the Statistical Service in conformity with the Statistical Service Act, 2019 (Act......) and the rules and instructions issued under the Act and that I will not without due authority disclose or make known any matter or thing that comes to my knowledge by reason of my employment.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employees of the Service and persons deemed to be employed by the Service</td>
<td>District Magistrate or Commissioner for Oaths</td>
<td>I .................................. do solemnly (sincerely and truthfully) swear (or affirm) that I will faithfully and honestly fulfill my duties as an employee of the (name of body corporate) in respect of my employment in carrying out (identify contract with the Service) in conformity with the requirements of the Statistical Service Act, 2019 (Act ......) and of the rules and instructions issued under the Act and that I will not without due authority disclose or make known any matter or thing that comes to my knowledge by reason of my employment.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Incorporated contractors</td>
<td>District Magistrate or Commissioner for Oaths.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### THIRD SCHEDULE

**Enactments to be read as one with this Act**

*(Section 57)*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Enactment</th>
<th>Provision on statistics</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Precious Minerals Marketing Corporations Act, 1989 (PNDCL 219)</td>
<td><em>(a)</em> Section 22(1)(d) that requires the Precious Minerals Marketing Corporation to send a production and financial plan to the Government Statistician.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><em>(b)</em> Section 22(5) that requires the Managing Director of the Corporation to send a comprehensive operational report with monthly targets to the Government Statistician.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><em>(c)</em> Section 26(2)(c) that requires the Managing Director of the Corporation to send a copy of the annual report on the activities and operations of the Corporation to the Government Statistician.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Fisheries Commission Act 1993 (Act 457)</td>
<td>Section 19 (3)(c) that requires the governing body, the Authority, to send a copy of the annual report to the Statistical Service.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Energy Commission Act 1997 (Act 541)</td>
<td>Section 2(d) that requires the Energy Commission to secure a comprehensive database for national decision making on the extent of development and utilisation of energy resources available to the nation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Driver and Vehicle Licensing Authority Act 1999 (Act 569)</td>
<td>Section 3(k) that requires the Driver and Vehicle Licensing Authority to maintain registers containing particulars of licensed motor vehicles, driving instructors, driving schools and drivers of motor vehicles.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Data Protection Act, 2012 (Act 843)</td>
<td>Section 18 that requires a person who processes personal data to ensure that the personal data is processed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><em>(a)</em> without infringing the privacy rights of the data subject;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><em>(b)</em> in a lawful manner; and</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>African Charter on Statistics</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>---</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(c) in a reasonable manner.

Section 26 that requires a data controller who processes personal data to ensure that the data is complete, accurate, up to date and not misleading having regard to the purpose for the collection or processing of the personal data.

Section 34 that states that the provisions of any legislation relating to the right to information of any data subject shall be additional to data subject rights under the Act.

Subsection (3) of section 65 that provides that personal data which is processed only for research purposes is exempt from the provisions of the Act if

(a) the data is processed in compliance with the relevant conditions; and

(b) the results of the research or resulting statistics are not made available in the form which identifies the data subject or any of them.

Ghana has adopted and ratified the African Charter on Statistics for implementation.
## FOURTH SCHEDULE

Consequential Amendments

(Section 58)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Enactment</th>
<th>How Affected</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Civil Service Act, 1993 (PNDCL 327)</td>
<td>Section 12(1)(d) is amended by the substitution for that paragraph of “(d) A Research, Statistics, Public Relations and Information Division that shall collaborate with the Statistical Service in the adoption of statistical standards, concepts, definitions, methods, programmes, particularly those related to data collection activities.”.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>National Development Planning Commission Act, 1994 (Act 479)</td>
<td>Section 14 is amended by the insertion of a new subsection (3) “(3) The Commission through the Director-General shall collaborate with the Statistical Service on population issues and the compilation of related official statistics required for development planning.”.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Ghana Revenue Authority Act, 2009 (Act 791)</td>
<td>(a) Section 3 (f) is amended by the substitution for that paragraph of “(f) prepare and publish reports and statistics related to its revenue collection in consultation and collaboration with the Statistical Service;”.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(b) Section 26 is amended by the addition of a new subsection (5) “(5) The Commissioner-General shall send a copy of the annual report including the report of the Auditor-General to the Government Statistician for the compilation of official statistics.”.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| 4.  | Tourism Act, 2011 (Act 817) | Section 3 \((m)\) is amended by the substitution for that paragraph of 

\[
\"(m)\ \text{collaborate with the Statistical Service to collect, compile and publish information and statistics in respect of activities regulated under the Act.}\.
\]